















1879,

the Canada Indian Residential School system was established in order to integrate Aboriginals into the mainstream Euro-Canadian culture. In the schools, boys were taught tinsmithing, carpentry, and agriculture, whereas girls were taught sewing and general housekeeping skills. Around 15000 children went through this educational system and at least 4000 of them died in the schools due to the substandard environment; they were exposed to sexual, physical, psychological, and spiritual abuses, and were neglect basic necessities. The last residential school operated by Canadian Government was closed in

1996.